Study Ideas for 1750-1900 Part II Test

**Industrial Revolution**

* **TWO phases**
* **Impact - European & Global**
* **Reaction & Reform (Economic & Political ; European & Global)**
* **Evolution of Liberalism**

**Political Revolution – Unification**

* **Aftermath of French Revolution**
* **Nationalism & Romanticism**
* **German and Italian Unification**

**Imperialism**

* **Motives – Relationship to other factors**
* **Impact on Colonial Areas**
* **Colonial Revolts**
* David Ricardo
* Count Witte
* John Stuart Mill
* Thomas Malthus
* Adam Smith
* Karl Marx
* Liberalism
* Conservatism
* Nationalism
* Romanticism
* Otto von Bismarck
* Count Camillo Cavour
* Realpolitik
* Sepoy Mutiny
* Boxer Rebellion
* Taiping Rebellion
* Treaty of Nanjing
* Meiji Restoration
* Young Turks
* Charles Darwin
* Herbert Spencer
* White Man’s Burden
* Cult of Domesticity
* British Raj
* James Watt
* Enclosure System
* Prince Metternich
* Suez Canal
* Opium War
* Commodore Matthew Perry
* Russo-Japanese War
* Tanzimat Reforms
* Crimean War
* Socialism
* Muhammad Ali
* Self-Strengthening Movement
* Berlin Conference
* Cecil Rhodes

Overarching Questions:

Why did the Industrial Revolution begin in Britain? What important new technologies contributed to this revolution? What significant social and demographic changes resulted from this event? What were some of the reactions to this revolution and why? How did these reactions influence the political landscape of Europe?

What caused China, Japan, the Ottoman Empire, and the Russians to be at a “crossroads” during this era? How did these areas respond to the challenges that they faced? Did their choices in the face of crisis help or hurt them? How were these areas affected by the global environment of the period?

What is the connection between industrialization and imperialism? How did various European powers build global empires during this era? How did foreign powers cause changes to Asia and Africa during this era? What response did people in these regions have to foreign powers? How did this change regional and global power structures?